# I211 Logic and Mathematics

#### 2. Lecture

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Last weeks lecture Mathematics in the 20<sup>th</sup> century



 $x^n + y^n = z^n$ 





The sentence in the frame of this slide is wrong

# Today's lecture

# From high school math to university math From calculation to a science of patterns

# School math

Calculation

find *x* 

$$x^2 + x - 2 = 0$$

Trigonometry and geometry



#### Probability theory



What is the probability?

## University math

Diophantine equations

#### Linear equation

ax + by = c such that a, b, c are integers  $(\in \mathbb{Z})$ 

What are the conditions for a, b, c? - c needs to be a divisor of the gcd of a and b

## Euler's Polyhedra formula



V - E + F = 2

# Central Limit Theorem



Patterns

Notes and Music



# Symbols and Mathematics

$$egin{aligned} |Q(t_1,\,T)| &\leq rac{1}{\epsilon_0} \int_{t_1}^T \int_M e^{\psi} H \ &= rac{1}{\epsilon_0} \{|M(t_1)| - |M(T)|\} \ &\leq rac{1}{\epsilon_0} |M(t_1)|. \end{aligned}$$

# **Theory of Patterns**

n + m = m + n $\Downarrow$ pattern of numbers/counting/calculation

arithmetic





geometry



pattern of dispute/discussion

logics



pattern of position topology



↓ pattern of dynamics

Recapitulation

School calculation – search for solution University abstraction and generalization

# **First generalization**

From natural numbers to reals

First step







Cattle Count, Ancient Egypt. From Lepsius Denkmahler.



King's Son Wepemnefret. Phoebe A. Hearst Museum of Anthropology. Photograph by Bruce White.



Yang Hui (楊輝) (Pascal's) triangle, as depicted by Zhu Shijie in 1303, using rod numerals.

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## finger couting

- finger counting
- touchable objects

#### first generalization

natural number — any set of objects of the same count 6 = the set of all 'things' of 6 elements

From now on, let us take 6 as simply 6 ;-)

#### Leopold Kronecker

- ▶ 1823–1891
- German mathematician



The integers are made by God, everything else by humans

Die ganzen Zahlen hat der liebe Gott gemacht, alles andere ist Menschenwerk.

# Operations and functions on (positive) natural numbers

- addition
- multiplication
- order

#### prime numbers

any number that is only divisible by 1 and itself

Fundamental theorem of arithmetic

Every natural number has exactly one representation as product of primes

Prime number factorization Sieve of Eratosthenes factorization of big numbers is difficult – public key encryption

Number of primes? infinite – proof? – homework

#### Prime number theorem What is the rate of prime numbers?

		111 //	
n	$\pi(n)$	<u>n</u> In <i>n</i>	$rac{\pi(n)}{x/\ln x}$
10	4	4.34	0.921
100	25	21.71	1.151
10000	1229	1085.73	1.1320
100000	9592	8685.89	1.1043
1000000	78498	72382.41	1.0845
1000000	664579	620420.69	1.0712
10000000	5761455	5428681.02	1.0613

$$\pi(n) \sim \frac{n}{\ln n}$$

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► Goldbach Conjecture

Every even number bigger than 2 can be expressed as the sum of two primes.

true for  $n \leq 4 \times 10^{18}$ 

#### From positive to negative numbers

- Addition is total
  For any *a* and *b*, the addition *a* + *b* is defined.
- What about subtraction?



• Completion with respect to subtraction:  $\mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{Z}$ 

#### From Integers to Rational Number

- Distribution of a birthday cake into 5 pieces

## Calculation with Rationals/Fractions

Addition	$\frac{a}{b} + \frac{c}{d} = \frac{ad + bc}{bd}$
Multiplication	$rac{a}{b}  imes rac{c}{d} = rac{ac}{bd}$
Division	$\frac{a}{b} \div \frac{c}{d} = \frac{ad}{bc}$
	$rac{rac{a}{b}}{rac{c}{d}}=rac{ad}{bc}$

#### From Rationals to the Reals

- ► √2?
- Current status: For all rationals a, b
  a + b, a b, a × b, a ÷ b is defined.



- For any real number r approximation with rational numbers is possible
- decimal notation system

#### A bit irrational and very irrational

- $a_n x^n + b_{n-1} x^{n-1} + \cdots + a_0 = 0$  with  $a_k \in \mathbb{Q}$
- algebraic numbers solutions of polynoms with rational coefficients A
- $\blacktriangleright$  completion with respect to rational polynoms:  $\mathbb{Q} \to \mathbb{A}$

### Are we finished here?

## Transcendental numbers

▶ *π*, *e*, . . .

From the reals to the complex numbers

- ► √<u>-1</u> ?
- Current status: for all real numbers a, b a + b, a - b, a × b, a ÷ b is defined.
- completion with respect to solving polynomial equations:  $\mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{C}$
- And after that? Quaternions

#### Recapitulation

- School Mathematics and University Mathematics are different
- Theory of patterns
- Discovery of patterns of numbers
- Abstraction and generalization  $\mathbb{N} \to \mathbb{Z} \to \mathbb{Q} \to \mathbb{A} \to \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{C} \to \mathbb{H}$

Next lecture : Proofs

Homework : Number of primes?

#### Sources

- Wiles, Fermat, Four color map, Gödel, Icosahedron, Euler, BinomConvergence, Julia Set, Three apples, Cattle count, Yanghui triangle, Seki Kowa, Kronecker, Goldbach Letter: Wikipedia, Wikimedia
- Find X: popular
- Loto 6: www.takarakuji-official.jp
- graphs: TikX Example web site and self made
- music: TUG T<sub>E</sub>X Show Case
- Wepemnefret: http://euler.slu.edu/escher/index. php/History\_and\_Numbers